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## Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia :Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia,1817-1918. http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/bibliography/34362

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4, but the thighs are not spinous at tip, as in that species.

2. L. nigrella. Blackish-brown; thorax cylindrical.

Leptura nigra, Melsh. Catal.

Body punctured, somewhat pubescent: head with confluent, small punctures; those of the nasus and labrum sparse: antennæ more than two thirds the length of the body: thorax cylindrical, very slightly wider behind, punctured like the head; an obtuse, lightly impressed, transverse line on the anterior submargin, and another on the posterior submargin: elytra with very obvious, numerous punctures, which are more particularly confluent near the base; tip a little truncated obliquely: beneath dull silvery sericeous.

Length nearly 7 of an inch.

I received this species from Dr. J. F. Melsheimer, under the name which I have here given; that of nigra being preoccupied. The thorax approaches the form of that of a SAPERDA.

3. L. pubera. Black; thorax sub-globular; elytra truncate at tip.

Leptura pubera, Melsh. Catal.

Body punctured, somewhat pubescent: head with dense small punctures: antennæ rather more than two thirds the length of the body: thorax convex, with rather large punctures: elytra with numerous, rather large punctures, at tip transversely a little truncated: beneath dull silvery sericeous.

Length 3 of an inch.